Content Area	Science	4		Grade	7		
Course Name	Earth Science					7	

Unit	Unit 1: Earth's Resources							
Big Ideas	 Resource use and population growth Resource formation and distribution Geological time and Earth's history The human population has continued to grow Every person on Earth uses food, water, and other natural resources Renewable resources are recycled or replenished quickly Nonrenewable resources formed millions of years ago Many geological events have occurred during the existence of Earth A wide variety of life forms have appeared, evolved, and become extinct 							
Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Analyze data from labs Model earth's resources Model effects of earth's resources Analyze models Identify functions Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analysis questions Formulate predictions of effects of earth's resources Graph availability of nonrenewable resources Analyze the differences between renewable and nonrenewable resources 							
Essential Questions	 What are natural resources? How has an increase in huma What makes one mineral resources us How are natural resources us How are underground deposi How are resources extracted How are natural resources fo How does groundwater form, Which rock layers are the old When did particular events in How are rock strata and fossi 	an population affected resource consumpti ource different from another? sed globally? its of natural resources located? from the earth? ormed? , and how is it extracted? dest?	on?		alue beyond the clas	sroom.		
Dates	Smart	Instructional Strategies	PA CC	Keystone or	Keystone /	Vocabulary		

(estimates only)	Objectives	and Activities	Standards	PSSA Anchors	PSSA Eligible Content	
(6 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content? Resource use and population growth Graph the availability of various resources Analyze created graphs and draw conclusions from them Compare and contrast renewable and nonrenewable resources Evaluate the growth of the human population Resource formation and distribution Compare how renewable and nonrenewable resources are formed Conduct mathematical calculations to compare how long it take for renewable and nonrenewable resources are formed Analyze the usage of Earth materials by humans Identify renewable resources are formed Analyze the usage of Earth materials by humans Identify renewable resources Geological time and Earth's history Identify important geological events Analyze the importance of geological events in Earth's history The human population has continued to grow Graph the growth of the human population in excel	Used to develop the skills and knowledge Resource use and population growth Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Resource formation and distribution Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Geological time and Earth's history Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities The human population has continued to grow Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Constructing a concept map Developing communication scontinued to grow Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills	3.3.7.A6 3.3.7.A5 3.3.7.A4 3.3.7.A3 CC.3.5.6-8.A. CC.3.5.6-8.G. CC.3.5.6-8.I. CC.3.6.6-8.D. CC.3.6.6-8.H. CC.3.6.6-8.H. CC.3.6.6-8.J.I.	S.7.A.1.1 S.7.A.2.1 S.7.B.3.3 S.7.C.1.1	S.7.A.1.1.1 S.7.A.1.1.2 S.7.A.1.3.2 S.7.A.2.1.1 S.7.A.2.1.2 S.7.B.3.3.1 S.7.B.3.3.2 S.7.C.1.1.4	What is the essential vocabulary of the unit or concept? Consumption Evidence Geological Processes Geological time Groundwater Mineral Natural Resources Nonrenewable/Renewable Per capita Petroleum Population Trade-offs

	 Research the effects of the continued human population growth Formulate a research paper citing evidence of the effects of human population growth Evaluate how life has evolved, appeared, and become extinct over time 					
Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction SEPUP-Lab aids textbook Lab activities Videos Materials to model content					
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that content and skills are being learned? Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning Independent practice					
Summative Assessments	What evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that content and skills have been learned? • Unit Test • Project					
Strategies for ELL and IEP Support What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommodations and modifications to support students? Productive pacing Incorporate native languages Use visuals Small group teaching Provide different levels of materials Simplify language Repetition Provide content in multiple forms						
Acceleration Strat	 What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance students closer to grade-level expectations Scaffolding of material Collaboration with others 					

 Grouping of students Concrete examples Visuals Integrate technology Goal setting 	

Content Area	Science			Grade	7		
Course Name	Earth Science					1	

Unit 2/ Concepts	Unit 2: Weather and Climate
Big Ideas	 Weather Climate Solar Energy Wind Water Global Climate Change Weather is the condition of the atmosphere near Earth's surface for a specific location at a specific time Climate describes the average atmospheric conditions that are typical for a specific location over a longer period of time Energy from the sun is the driving force behind Earth's weather and climate Wind helps distribute thermal energy and water throughout the atmosphere Water helps distribute thermal energy throughout the oceans and atmosphere The climate of an area can change over time Earth's climate conditions have not always been the same as they are today
Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Analyze data from labs Model content Analyze models Identify functions Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analysis questions Formulate predictions Graph patterns Map sections of the world Identify locations on earth
Essential Understandings	Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to the unit or concept and have lasting value beyond the classroom. What is climate change, and how does it affect us? How are daily weather data different from seasonal weather data? How have severe weather events affected your region? Does the distribution of climates show any regional or global patterns? What percentage of Earth's surface is covered by water? How do different surfaces on Earth gain and lose thermal energy? How do ocean temperatures vary over Earth's surface? How does water behave when it mixes? How do oceans affect climate? Why do different parts of the world have different climates?

Dates (estimates only)	Smart Objectives	Instructional Strategies and Activities	PA CC Standards	Keystone or PSSA Anchors	Keystone / PSSA Eligible Content	Vocabulary
(2 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content? Weather Identify weather Observe changes in weather over a 7 day period Relate the weather in one location to another Identify the technology used to record and observe weather patterns and conditions Climate Identify climate Compare and contrast weather and climate in different locations on Earth Evaluate what affects Earth's weather and climate Discover that climate can change over time Analyze climate changes over time Analyze how wind and water affect the climates on Earth Identify technology used for solar energy Compare the benefits and deficiencies in using solar energy Mind Analyze how wind and water affect the climates on Earth	Used to develop the skills and knowledge Weather Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Observe weather patterns and document data Graph weather patterns Climate Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Map climate patterns on earth Solar Energy Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities	3.3.7.A4 3.3.7.A5 3.3.7.A6 3.3.7.A7 CC.3.5.6-8.A. CC.3.5.6-8.G. CC.3.5.6-8.I. CC.3.6.6-8.D. CC.3.6.6-8.H. CC.3.6.6-8.J.I.	S.7.A.1.1 S.7.A.1.3 S.7.A.2.1 S.7.D.2.1 S.7.D.1.2 S.7.D.1.1	S.7.A.1.1.1 S.7.A.1.1.2 S.7.A.1.3.2 S.7.A.2.1.1 S.7.A.2.1.2 S.7.D.2.1.1 S.7.D.2.1.2 S.7.D.1.2.2 S.7.D.1.2.3 S.7.D.1.1.2	What is the essential vocabulary of the unit or concept? Anemometer Atmosphere Casual relationship Climate Climate change Coriolis effect Current Global warming Latitude Meteorologist Precipitation Prevailing wind Weather Weather forecast Wind

	Compare the benefits and deficiencies in using solar energy Observe how wind affects different weather and climate events Water Analyze how wind and water affect the climates on Earth Identify climate changes that have occurred on Earth over time Compare the benefits and deficiencies in using solar energy Analyze how water affects different weather and climate events Water Compare the benefits and deficiencies in using solar energy Analyze how water affects different weather and climate events Observe technology that uses solar energy energy to create technology models Lab based learning Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Observe technology models Water Lab based learning Observe technology models Water Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Reading scientific procedur
Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction SEPUP-Lab aids textbook Lab activities Videos Materials to model content
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that content and skills are being learned? Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning

	• li	Independent practice						
Summative Assessments	• (What evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that content and skills have been learned? • Unit Test • Project						
Strategies for ELL and IEP Support What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommodations and modifications to support students? Productive pacing Incorporate native languages Use visuals Small group teaching Provide different levels of materials Simplify language Repetition Provide content in multiple forms								
Acceleration Strat	egies	What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance students closer to grade-level expectations Scaffolding of material Collaboration with others Grouping of students Concrete examples Visuals Integrate technology Goal setting						

Content Area	Science	Grade	7th Grade	
Course Name	Earth Science			

Unit 3/ Concepts	Unit 3: Geological Processes
Big Ideas	 Changes to Earth's surface Natural hazards Plate tectonics Rocks and the rock cycle Distribution of Earth's natural resources Geological processes cause changes to Earth's surface Many geological processes cause natural hazards Volcanic activity and earthquakes happen in global patterns Scientists use equipment to monitor areas where natural hazards happen often Earth's lithospheric plates have moved over geological time, changing the appearance of Earth's surface Rocks can become other types of rock through geological processes, some of which are related to plate motion Many natural resources that humans rely on form through geological processes that take place over geological time Geological processes that form and replenish natural resources do not happen evenly across Earth's surface
Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Analyze data from labs Model systems and cycles Analyze models Identify functions Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analysis questions Formulate predictions Formulate a 3 paragraph paper Graph data
Essential Questions	Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to the unit or concept and have lasting value beyond the classroom. • What factors must be considered when deciding where to store nuclear waste? • How does water interact with earth materials? • How can a natural hazard create challenges for storing nuclear waste? • What natural hazards are caused by earthquakes and volcanic eruptions?

- How can models help us understand what happens during a volcanic eruption?
- What patterns can we see when examining the locations of earthquakes and volcanoes?
- How can GPS data help us understand Earth's surface?
- What is beneath Earth's surface?
- What happens when Earth's plates meet?
- How can our understanding of geological processes at plate boundaries allow us to predict and prepare for natural hazards?
- What evidence can we use to help us understand the movement of Earth's plates over time?
- How did Wegener's idea of continental drift lead to the theory of plate tectonics?
- What drives plate motion?
- How do rocks form?
- How do geological processes affect where we find rock and mineral resources?
- How can monitoring natural resources help guide decisions about their use?

Dates (estimates only)	Smart Objectives	Instructional Strategies and Activities	PA CC Standards	Keystone or PSSA Anchors	Keystone / PSSA Eligible Content	Vocabulary
(5 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content? Changes to Earth's surface Identify geological processes that caused changes to Earth's surface Evaluate how earth's surface has changed over time and the events that have caused it to change Draw different changes to earth's surface over time Develop theories as to why the earth's surface has changed over time Natural hazards Analyze how geological processes cause natural hazards Identify 3 causes of natural hazards Make observations of the effects of natural hazards Create a plan to respond to one natural hazard Plate tectonics Identify the patterns in which volcanic activity and	Used to develop the skills and knowledge Changes to Earth's surface Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Draw changes of the surface Draw conclusions about causes of changes Discuss in groups about changes observed Natural hazards Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Analyze the responses to	3.3.7.A2 3.3.7.A1 3.2.7.B7 3.2.7.B6 3.3.7.A6 CC.3.5.6-8.A. CC.3.5.6-8.G. CC.3.5.6-8.I. CC.3.6.6-8.D. CC.3.6.6-8.H. CC.3.6.6-8.H.	S.7.A.1.1 S.7.A.1.3 S.7.A.2.1 S.7.D.2.1 S.7.D.1.2 S.7.D.1.1	S.7.A.1.1.1 S.7.A.1.1.2 S.7.A.1.3.2 S.7.A.2.1.1 S.7.A.2.1.2 S.7.D.2.1.2 S.7.D.1.2.1 S.7.D.1.2.2 S.7.D.1.2.3 S.7.D.1.1.2	What is the essential vocabulary of the unit or concept? Earthquake Geological time Lithospheric plate Mid-ocean ridge Natural hazards Natural resource Plate boundary Plate tectonics Rock cycle Trench Volcano

earthquakes happen Identify the equipment used by scientists to monitor areas where natural hazards happen often Identify plate tectonics Identify what causes plates to move over time Rocks and the rock cycle Identify the components of the rock cycle Assess the reasons for the changes that occur in the rock cycle Make observations of rocks in different phases of the rock cycle Distribution of Earth's natural resources Analyze how natural resources are formed and how humans use them Evaluate the locations of geological processes that form natural resources on Earth's surface	natural hazards Research past natural hazards Plate tectonics Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions	

Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction ■ SEPUP-Lab aids textbook □ Lab activities □ Videos ■ Materials to model content	
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that cor Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning Independent practice	ntent and skills are being learned?
Summative Assessments	What evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that c ■ Unit Test ■ Project	ontent and skills have been learned?
Strategies for ELL Support	what tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommendation of the productive pacing Incorporate native languages Use visuals Small group teaching Provide different levels of materials Simplify language Repetition Provide content in multiple forms	odations and modifications to support students?
Acceleration Strat	What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance stu Scaffolding of material Collaboration with others Grouping of students Concrete examples Visuals Integrate technology Goal setting	dents closer to grade-level expectations

Content Area	Science		Grade	7th Grade
Course Name	Earth Science			

Unit 4/ Concepts	Unit 4: Evolution					
Big Ideas	The geologic time reflects the Humans have mutual cause- People have intentionally affer		proximately 4.5 bil other organisms nimals and crops, t	lion years ago hrough selective bre		ngineering
Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Analyze data from labs Analyze models of evolution Identify structures Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analys Formulate predictions about Formulate a 3 paragraph ess Model changes in organisms Infer causes of evolution Find evidence of evolution ov 	future evolution eay on evolutionary examples over time				
Essential Questions	 How does the environment a How does natural selection h What role does genetic varia How do mutations affect surv How do species evolve? How are the diverse species What kind of evidence do fos What other kinds of informati 	tion play in the process of natural selection vival? living today related to each other and to the sils provide about evolution?	and successful rep	roduction?	alue beyond the clas	sroom.
Dates	Smart	Instructional Strategies	PA CC	Keystone or	Keystone /	Vocabulary

(estimates only)	Objectives	and Activities	Standards	PSSA Anchors	PSSA Eligible Content	
(4 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content? Evolution by Natural Selection Describe how organisms exhibit a variety of traits Identify how natural selection leads to changes in populations and eventually the evolution of new species Assess examples of evolution Analyze why some species have become extinct over time Draw conclusions about why extinction has occurred in some species Identify the cause and effect of extinction and speciation Evidence for Evolution Analyze how geologic time reflects the vast time scale of Earth Analyze visuals of organisms evolving over time Evaluate the reason for evolution over time Evaluate the reason for evolution over time Connect variation in organisms with evolution Humans and Evolution Compare human interactions and their relationships with other organisms Evaluate how humans have affected species through selective breeding and genetic engineering	Used to develop the skills and knowledge Evolution by Natural Selection Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Provide examples of evolution by natural selection Research examples of evolution occurred/began Speciation and Extinction Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Discuss reasons for extinction Connect extinction to geological events Evidence for Evolution Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Connect extinction to geological events Evidence for Evolution Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Discuss reasoning for	CC.3.6.6-8.A. CC.3.6.6-8.E CC.3.6.6-8.H CC.3.5.6-8.A CC.3.5.6-8.C CC.3.5.6-8.H CC.3.5.6-8.I. CC.3.5.6-8.J 3.1.7.A1 3.1.7.A3 3.1.7.C1 3.1.7.C2 3.1.7.C3	\$8.B.2.1 \$8.B.2.2 \$8.B.3.1 \$8.B.3.2 \$8.B.3.3	\$8.B.2.1.1 \$8.B.2.1.2 \$8.B.2.1.3 \$8.B.2.1.4 \$8.B.2.1.5	What is the essential vocabulary of the unit or concept? Adaptation Cause and effect Embryos Evidence Evolution Extinction Fossils Mutation Natural selection Patterns Speciation Structure and function Traits Variation

	evolution Provide visuals of evolutionary examples Group work of examples of evolution backed up by evidence Humans and Evolution Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Predict advances in selective breeding and genetic engineering in the future Provide examples of human effects of evolution
Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction SEPUP-Lab aids textbook Lab activities Videos Materials to model content
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that content and skills are being learned? Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning Independent practice
Summative Assessments	What evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that content and skills have been learned? Unit Test Project
Strategies for EL	L and IEP What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommodations and modifications to support students?

Support	 Productive pacing Incorporate native languages Use visuals Small group teaching Provide different levels of materials Simplify language Repetition Provide content in multiple forms
Acceleration Strategies	What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance students closer to grade-level expectations

Content Area	Science		Grade	7th Grade
Course Name	Earth Science			

Unit 5/ Concepts	Unit 5: Solar System and Beyond	
Big Ideas	Phases of the moonEclipsesEarth's orbit and seasons	

Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Every year, Earth completes of the Solar System consists of Earth is constantly orbiting the Analyze data from labs Model the solar system Model the phases of the moo Analyze models Identify the planets and their Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analysis Formulate predictions of the sidentify the components of the Graph the distances of planet 	tem and the galaxy e moon are called phases space object blocks sunlight from reaching one orbit around the Sun the Sun, eight planets, their moons, aster e Sun, just like all other planets properties s questions solar system in the future e solar system is	oids, comets, and	I dwarf planets	alue hevend the class	estroom
Essential Questions	 What have we learned from n How can we predict changes What causes the cycle of the How does the Moon's orbit ar What do you observe about the What does Earth's orbit around Why does Earth's tilt cause does Why does Earth have seasone What types of objects are found What determines the amount How does gravity affect the m 	in the Moon's appearance? Moon's phases that we observe from Eart ound Earth cause the Moon's phases to rene length of daylight and the position of the the	h? epeat around ever e Sun in the sky o t amounts of ener	ry 29 days? over the course of a y		sroom.
Dates (estimates only)	Smart Objectives	Instructional Strategies and Activities	PA CC Standards	Keystone or PSSA Anchors	Keystone / PSSA Eligible Content	Vocabulary
(4 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content? Phases of the moon Identify the phases of the moon by picture and description Analyze the cause of the phases of the moon	Used to develop the skills and knowledge Phases of the moon Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map	3.3.7.B1 3.3.7.B2 3.4.7.A3 3.3.7.A6 3.1.7.C3 3.3.7.A3 CC.3.5.6-8.A. CC.3.5.6-8.C.	S.7.A.1.1 S.7.A.1.3 S.7.A.2.1 S.7.D.3.1	S.7.A.1.1.1 S.7.A.1.1.2 S.7.A.1.3.2 S.7.A.2.1.1 S.7.A.2.1.2 S.7.D.3.1.1 S.7.D.3.1.2 S.7.D.3.1.3	What is the essential vocabulary of the unit or concept? Cycle Earth's tilt Galaxy

Model the phases of the mono Ecitipses Analyze the reasons for eclipse's occurring Model different ecitipses Earth's orbit and seasons I dentify the length of rotation and revolution of Earth Analyze the cause of seasons Analyze the cause of seasons I dentify the length of rotation and revolution of Earth Citie widence of different seasons around the world Citie evidence of different seasons around the world Citie evidence of different seasons around the world Citie evidence of different seasons around the world Compare and contrast weather of one location on earth and another Size and Scale of the Solar System Describe how Earth is constantly moving and in what locations of planets from the sun Connect the properties of planets to their locations of planets from the sun Connect the properties of planets to their locations in space List the planets in order from the sun Classify the inner and outer planets Reading solation; and all of the solar System Reading solation; and the vorld and the reason of planets from the sun Connect the properties of planets to their locations of planets to their locations in space List the planets in order from the sun Classify the inner and outer planets of the planets in order from the sun Classify the inner and outer planets of the planets in order from the sun Lab based learning Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading solatific procedures Repling a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions of planets to their locations in space Reading solatific procedures Repling a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions of planets to their locations of seasons Size and Scale of the Solar System Lab based learning Answering analysis questions of planets to their locations of planets to their locations of seasons Size and scale of the Solar System Lab based learning Answering analysis questions based on sta
Make a model of the solar system Analyze the model of the solar

	Discuss the effects of the size and scale of the system				
Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction • SEPUP-Lab aids textbook • Lab activities • Videos • Materials to model content				
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that content and skills are being learned? Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning Independent practice				
Summative Assessments	What evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that content and skills have been learned? • Unit Test • Project				
Strategies for ELL Support	Strategies for ELL and IEP Support What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommodations and modifications to support students? • Productive pacing • Incorporate native languages • Use visuals • Small group teaching • Provide different levels of materials • Simplify language • Repetition • Provide content in multiple forms				
Acceleration Strat	What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance students closer to grade-level expectations Scaffolding of material Collaboration with others Grouping of students Concrete examples Visuals Integrate technology Goal setting				



Content Area	Science		Grade	7	
Course Name	Earth Science				

Unit 6	6/ Concepts	Unit 6: Energy
Ві	ig Ideas	Themes and connections between the Standards that help students to see the purpose and relevance of content. • Energy Transformation and Transfer • Energy Efficiency • Home Energy Use

	 Inquiry is at the heart of science, and an important component of inquiry is scientific investigation, including experimentation. An engineer uses science and technology to build a product or design a process that solves a problem or makes the world better. Science and engineering are human activities. People from all over the world engage in science and engineering and use scientific information and technological solutions. 						
Key Learning Objectives & Skills	 Analyze data from labs Model systems Analyze models Identify functions Identify key vocabulary Formulate answers to analysis questions Formulate predictions Model energy efficiency Identify patterns in home energy use 						
Essential Questions	Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to the unit or concept and have lasting value beyond the classroom. What does it take to reduce energy use in a home? How does the release height and mass of an object affect its gravitational potential energy? How is energy transformed on a roller coaster? How can kinetic energy of motion be transformed into another kind of kinetic energy: thermal energy? How can you use the law of conservation of energy to describe energy transformations? How can you use the law of conservation of energy to describe energy transformations? What happens to thermal energy when hot and cold water are combined? What affects how much thermal energy can be stored in or released from an object? How does an understanding of energy help scientists explain phenomena in all fields of science? How can you increase or decrease the rate of thermal energy transfer? What properties of matter affect how it interacts with solar energy? What are the different ways that thermal energy is transferred? How can you engineer a device to maximize its ability to transfer solar energy? How can we measure the efficiency of a light bulb? How can features in a home affect the energy efficiency of the home?						
Dates (estimates only)	Smart Objectives	Instructional Strategies and Activities	PA CC Standards	Keystone or PSSA Anchors	Keystone / PSSA Eligible Content	Vocabulary	
(4 weeks)	What do students have to do related to the content?	Used to develop the skills and knowledge				What is the essential vocabulary of the	
(+ weeks)	Energy Transformation and Transfer Compare various energy sources and describe how these energy sources are	 Energy Transformation and Transfer Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook 	CC.3.5.6-8.A. CC.3.5.6-8.C. CC.3.5.6-8.G. CC.3.5.6-8.I CC.3.6.6-8.A.	\$8.C.2.1 \$8.C.2.2	\$8.C.2.1.1 \$8.C.2.1.2 \$8.C.2.1.3 \$8.C.2.2.1 \$8.C.2.2.2	unit or concept? constraints criteria/criterion energy efficiency	

transferred. Describe the Sun as the major source of energy that impacts the environment. Compare the time span of renewability for fossil fuels and alternative fuels. Describe the waste derived from the use of renewable and nonrenewable resources and their potential impact on the environment. Construct and interpret graphical displays of data IOT describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object. Develop a model IOT describing that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system. Energy Efficiency Describe positive and negative effects of scientific results or developments. Describe energy as a property of objects associated with heat, light, electricity, magnetism, mechanical motion, and sound and understand the thermal behavior of our bodies and those objects around us. Differentiate between potential and kinetic energy IOT describe how energy can be changed from one form to another	Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Create a venn diagram Observe organisms and energy transfer through the food web Create a food web Energy Efficiency Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Debate causes and effects of energy efficiency Create technology models that increase energy efficiency Model the changing of energy systems Home Energy Use Lab based learning Modeling systems Reading scientific procedures Keeping a science notebook Constructing a concept map Developing communication skills Answering analysis questions based on lab activities Create a new way for more efficient home energy use Debate on home technology and its energy efficiency Write an argumentative 2 paragraph paper on one home item and its efficiency	CC.3.6.6-8.D. CC.3.6.6-8.F. CC.3.6.6-8.H. CC.3.6.6-8.J.I. 3.2.7.A1 3.2.7.A3 3.2.7.B2 3.2.7.B2 3.2.7.B3	S8.C.2.2.3	energy transfer energy transformation engineering design insulation law of conservation of energy kinetic energy potential energy temperature thermal energy trade-offs

	(transformed) as it moves through a system or transferred from one system to another system. Identifying the Sun as a source of energy IOT explains how energy from the Sun impacts the environment. Home Energy Use Identify between renewable and nonrenewable energy sources IOT describe the potential impact of both on the environment. Identifying between different forms of energy IOT give examples of how one form of energy can be converted to a different form of energy. Identify among forms of energy Identify among forms of energy. Identify among forms of energy energy and sources of energy and sources of energy.
Resources	Materials, texts, videos, internet sites, software, human to support instruction SEPUP-Lab aids textbook Lab activities Videos Materials to model content
Formative Assessments	What evidence (product and/or performance) will be collected to establish that content and skills are being learned? Exit tickets Lab reports Models Quiz Do now Discussion Stations Oral questioning Independent practice

Summative Assessments	• ∟	eat evidence (produce and/or performance) will be collected to determine that content and skills have been learned? Unit Test Project		
Strategies for ELL Support	and IEP	What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to provide accommodations and modifications to support students? • Productive pacing • Incorporate native languages • Use visuals • Small group teaching • Provide different levels of materials • Simplify language • Repetition • Provide content in multiple forms		
Acceleration Strategies		What tools, strategies, and resources will be used to help advance students closer to grade-level expectations Scaffolding of material Collaboration with others Grouping of students Concrete examples Visuals Integrate technology Goal setting		